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इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके।  
Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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**MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE**

(Legislative Department)

*New Delhi, the 23rd December, 2003/Pausa 2, 1925 (Saka)*

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 23rd December, 2003 and is hereby published for general information:—

**THE RAILWAYS (SECOND AMENDMENT) ACT, 2003**

No. 51 OF 2003

[23rd December, 2003]

An Act further to amend the Railways Act, 1989.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Fifty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Railways (Second Amendment) Act, 2003.

Short title  
and com-  
mencement.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

24 of 1989.

2. In section 2 of the Railways Act, 1989 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act),—

Amendment  
of section 2.

(a) after clause (26), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

“(26A) “officer authorised” means an officer authorised by the Central Government under sub-section (2) of section 179;”;

(b) in clause (34), after the words “service of a railway”, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

23 of 1957.

“including member of the Railway Protection Force appointed under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Railway Protection Force Act, 1957”.

Substitution  
of new  
section for  
section 179.

Arrest for  
offences  
under certain  
sections.

3. For section 179 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

“179. (1) If any person commits any offence mentioned in sections 150 to 152, he may be arrested without warrant or other written authority by any railway servant or police officer not below the rank of a head constable.

(2) If any person commits any offence mentioned in sections 137 to 139, 141 to 147, 153 to 157, 159 to 167 and 172 to 176, he may be arrested, without warrant or other written authority, by the officer authorised by a notified order of the Central Government.

(3) The railway servant or the police officer or the officer authorised, as the case may be, may call to his aid any other person to effect the arrest under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2), as the case may be.

(4) Any person so arrested under this section shall be produced before the nearest Magistrate within a period of twenty-four hours of such arrest excluding the time necessary for the journey from the place of arrest to the court of the Magistrate.”

Amendment  
of section  
180.

4. In section 180 of the principal Act,—

(a) in sub-section (1),—

(i) for the word and figures “section 179”, the words, brackets and figures “sub-section (2) of section 179” shall be substituted;

(ii) for the words “any railway servant authorised in this behalf or any police officer not below the rank of a head constable”, the words “the officer authorised” shall be substituted;

(b) in sub-section (2), for the words “The railway servant or the police officer”, the words “The officer authorised” shall be substituted.

Insertion of  
new sections  
180A to 180G.

5. After section 180 of the principal Act, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—

Inquiry by  
officer  
authorised to  
ascertain  
commission  
of offence.

“180A. For ascertaining facts and circumstances of a case, the officer authorised may make an inquiry into the commission of an offence mentioned in sub-section (2) of section 179 and may file a complaint in the competent court if the offence is found to have been committed.

Powers of  
officer  
authorised to  
inquire.

180B. While making an inquiry, the officer authorised shall have power to,—

(i) summon and enforce the attendance of any person and record his statement;

(ii) require the discovery and production of any document;

(iii) requisition any public record or copy thereof from any office, authority or person;

(iv) enter and search any premises or person and seize any property or document which may be relevant to the subject-matter of the inquiry.

Disposal of  
persons  
arrested.

C. Every person arrested for an offence punishable under sub-section (2) of section 179 shall, if the arrest was made by a person other than the officer authorised, be forwarded, without delay, to such officer.

Inquiry how  
to be made  
against  
arrested  
person.

180D. (1) When any person is arrested by the officer authorised for an offence punishable under this Act, such officer shall proceed to inquire into the charge against such person.

(2) For this purpose, the officer authorised may exercise the same powers and shall be subject to the same provisions as the officer in charge of a police station may exercise and is subject to the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, when investigating a cognizable case:

2 of 1974.

Provided that—

(a) if the officer authorised is of the opinion that there is sufficient evidence or reasonable ground of suspicion against the accused person, he shall either admit him to bail to appear before a Magistrate having jurisdiction in the case, or forward him in custody to such Magistrate;

(b) if it appears to the officer authorised that there is not sufficient evidence or reasonable ground of suspicion against the accused person, he shall release the accused person on his executing a bond, with or without sureties as the officer authorised may direct, to appear, if and when so required, before the Magistrate having jurisdiction.

180E. All searches, seizures and arrests made under this Act shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, relating respectively to searches and arrests made under that Code.

2 of 1974.

180F. No court shall take cognizance of an offence mentioned in sub-section (2) of section 179 except on a complaint made by the officer authorised.

Search, seizure and arrest how to be made.

Cognizance by Court on a complaint made by officer authorised.

180G. Whoever intentionally insults or causes any interruption in the inquiry proceedings or deliberately makes a false statement before the inquiring officer shall be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.”

Punishment for certain offences in relation to inquiry.

T. K. VISHWANATHAN,  
*Secy. to the Govt. of India.*